

FIPA-OS



Open Source

FIPA Agent Platform

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Overview



- Open source benefits
- FIPA reference model
- Example application: FACTS project
- Conversation management
- FIPA-OS class structure
- Example agent

FIPA: Situation now



- FIPA specifications are available, but - until recently - no **reference implementation**
- Validation and verification of FIPA restricted
- FIPA feedback and maintenance an issue
- FIPA still not adopted widely

Open Source Benefits



- Collaborative and co-operative approach
- FIPA Open Source provides:
 - Open source model for FIPA
 - Baseline implementation publicly available
 - Enable agent application developers to construct apps using FIPA technology
 - Encourage extensions/feedback/iterative/evolving implementation(s)

FIPA Open Source



- Wider developer adoption of FIPA
- Realises the FIPA promise of interoperability - the agent paradigm
- Helps FIPA to concentrate on agent issues
- The hurdle to adopt FIPA is reduced
- Enables users to concentrate on agent-enabled business thrusts, rather than underlying platform/middleware issues

FIPA-OS



- Not owned by anyone - it is public Open Source
- Originates from Nortel Networks
 - currently manages the releases of FIPA-OS
 - this in no way precludes individuals development or exploitation plans
- FIPA-Net - FIPA DFs on the Internet
 - Imperial College have this almost ready

Other FIPA platforms

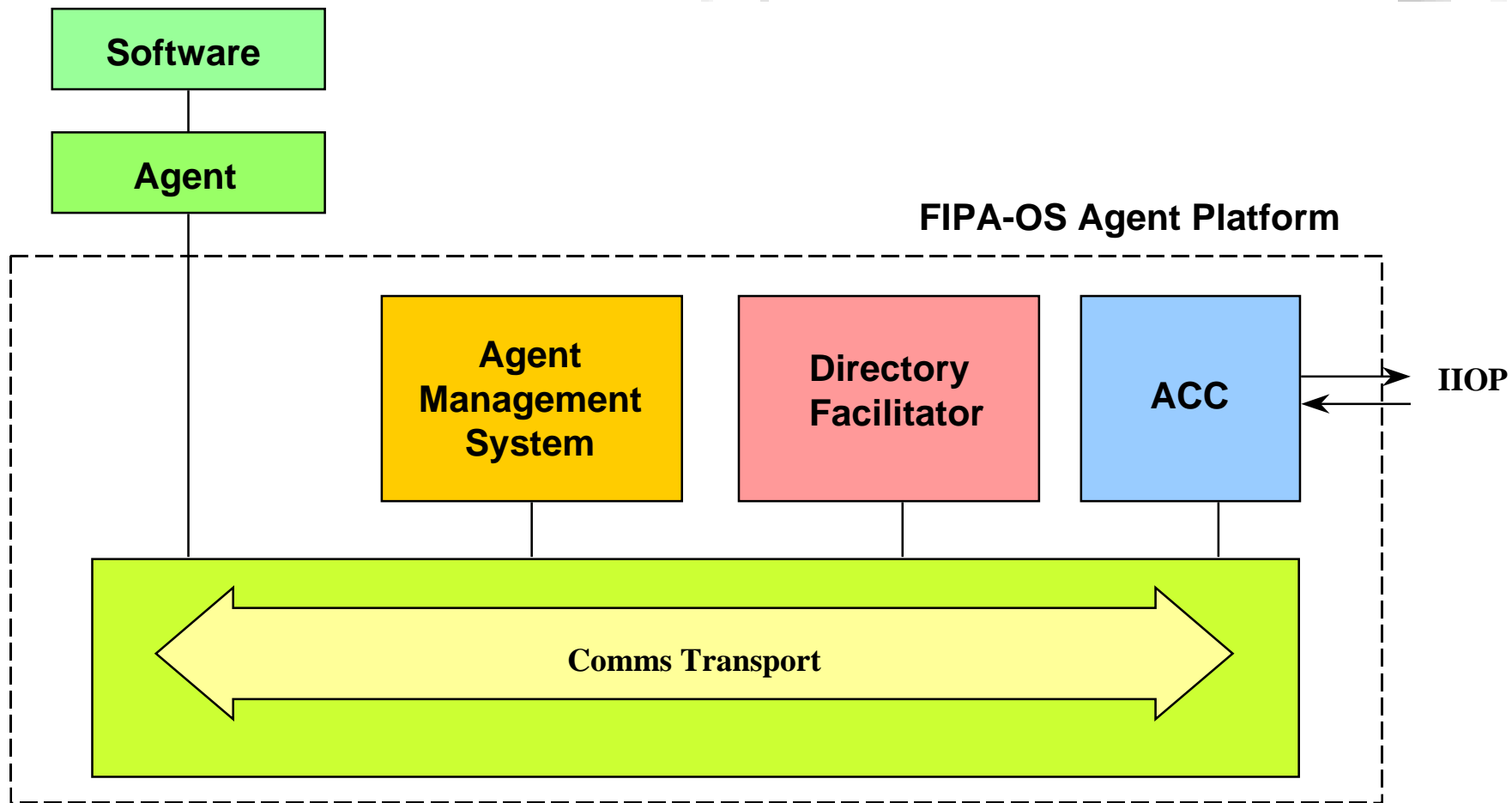
■ JADE

- Java Agent DEvelopment Framework
- by CSELT
- open source
- supports FIPA97
- sharon.csel.it/projects/jade

■ ZEUS

- by British Telecom
- not strictly a FIPA platform
- supports FIPA ACL
- www.labs.bt.com/projects/agents/research/collaborative.htm

FIPA Reference Model



FIPA-OS contents



- Platform Agents
 - AMS, DF, ACC
- Agent Shell
 - ACL, SLO and XML\RDF parsers
 - Persistence abstract interface (bindings for serialization)
 - Transport abstract interface (bindings to Voyager and SunIDL)

FIPA-OS contains



- Configuration
 - XML\RFC Platform and Agent profiles
 - IOR distribution via HTTP

FIPA-OS requirements

■ Java 2

- JDK1.2.2
- www.java.sun.com

■ IBM XML4J

- XML parser, version 1.1.16
- www.ibm.com

■ SiRPAC

- RDF parser, version 1.14
- www.w3c.org

■ Optionally:

- web server (more than one platform)
- ObjectSpace Voyager - alternative transport

Example application: FACTS



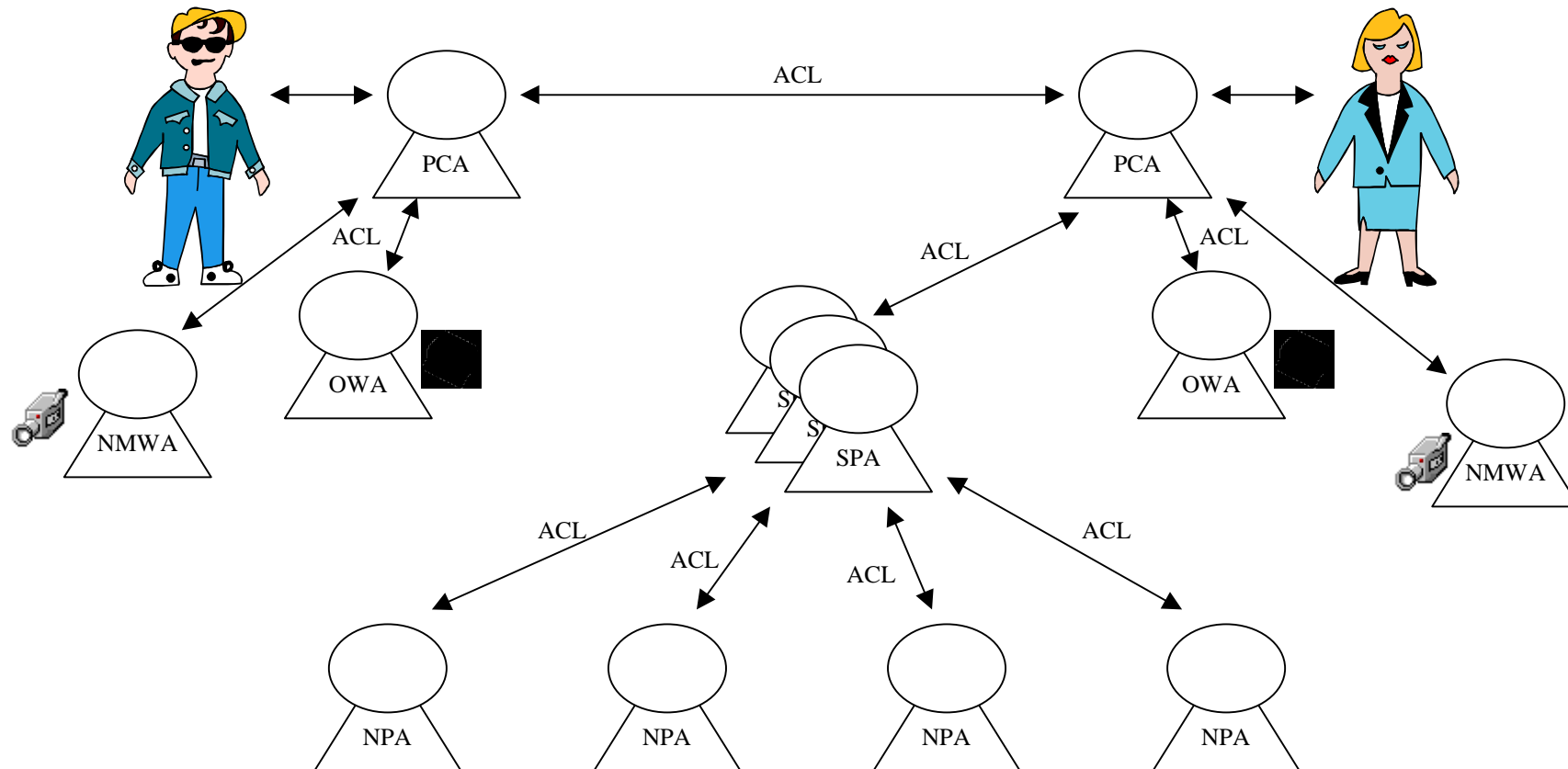
- FACTS = FIPA Agent Communication Technologies and Services
- Virtual Private Network (VPN) scenario
 - Problem: book a video conference meeting
 - Answer: give task to your Personal Communication Agent, and stop worrying!

VPN scenario agents



- Agents:
 - FIPA platform agents + Timer Agent
 - Wrapper Agents: Microsoft Outlook Wrapper Agent (OWA) and Microsoft NetMeeting Wrapper Agent (NMWA)
 - Personal Communication Agent (PCA)
 - Service Provider Agent (SPA)
 - Network Provider Agent (NPA)

VPN scenario



User preferences



- PCA knows users preferences, so it can offer most desirable service to him/her
- User preference profile includes following information (example):
 - frame rate (high/medium/slow)
 - meeting time (morning/afternoon/not lunchtime)
 - maximum cost of meeting

PCA - SPA negotiation



- PCA negotiates with Service Providers SPA to obtain a competitive bid for the required service
- Issues include
 - frame rate
 - frame size
 - price
 - penalties for failing the service

SPA - NPA negotiation



- Service Providers (SPAs) negotiate with Network Providers (NPAs) to obtain a competitive bid for the network resources
- Issues include:
 - price
 - penalty for failing the service
 - bandwidth
 - availability

Commissioning the meeting



- Conference is automatically commissioned by the contracted Service and Network Providers at the negotiated time and place
- Client software is automatically configured by the PCA to utilise the available network resources

Extending the contract



- It's possible to extend the contract while the meeting is on:
 - extending the meeting time
 - adding new participants
 - time and/or iterations must be limited - end users are waiting for the change to occur
 - some issues are not negotiable

Conversation Problem



- Conversations between agents can be extremely complicated
 - many messages sent and being replied
 - how to know into what conversation they belong?
- Option 1
 - individual ACL messages, conversation-ids
 - implementation complicated

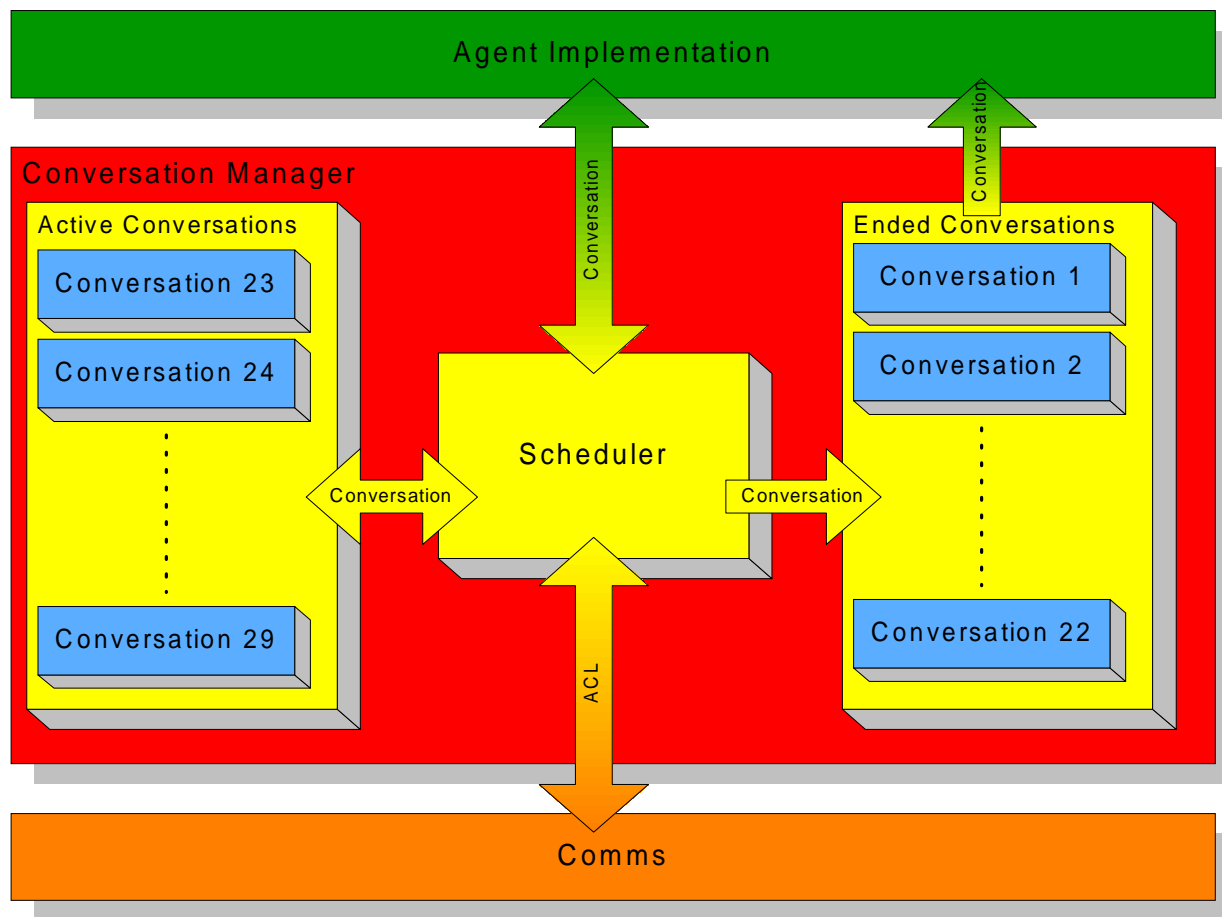
Option 2:

Conversation Management



- Deal with conversations, not individual ACL messages
- CM checks conversation ID's and works out if new message is part of an existing conversation or a new one
 - if old, add message into conversation to correct place in the protocol
 - if new, create a new conversation

Conversation Manager



Conversation Management



- **conversations-in-progress** list
 - adds new messages to the list
 - adds messages that are part of existing conversations to the correct object in the list
- All conversations and messages are part of a FIPA specific conversation

Planner Scheduler



- PS notifies the agent of new messages
 - routes "sent" messages out of the CM through agent comms to the appropriate agent
- **completed-conversation** list
 - PS removes finished conversation objects from conversations-in-progress to the list

Future: Parser Factory



- When agent receives a message the PF finds out what languages the message is in and dynamically loads the correct parser
- Parsed into a generic content object which is syntax neutral, retaining the original meaning of the message
- Developer deals only with contents

FIPA-OS class structure



- aw.agent
 - Mandatory components of an agent
 - required to run the platform
 - Agent, AgentWorldAgent
 - aw.agent.conversation: ConversationManager, Conversation, protocols...

FIPA-OS class structure



- aw.comms
 - communications and transport classes of the platform
 - required to run the platform
 - Comms, AgentComms
 - aw.rmi, aw.sunidl, aw.voyager3

FIPA-OS class structure



- aw.fipa
 - FIPA specific classes: classes that define or handle FIPA specific data or objects
 - required to run the platform
 - AgentGUID, FIPACONSTANTS

FIPA-OS class structure



- aw.ont
 - ontology specific classes - classes that belong to an ontology component
 - aw.ont and aw.ont.fipaman package (not other sub-packages) are required to run the platform
 - aw.ont.fipaman, aw.ont.profile

FIPA-OS class structure



- aw.parser
 - language specific parsers - components in sub-packages named by the language that they apply to
 - required to run the platform
 - ACLMessage
 - aw.parser.ACL, aw.parser.rdf, aw.parser.sl0

FIPA-OS class structure



- aw.platform
 - platform specific classes that are not agent components: platform agent classes
 - required to run the platform
 - AMS, DF, ACC

FIPA-OS class structure



■ aw.skill

- optional agent components that can be 'plugged-in' to the agent to provide it with a specific skill
- not required to run the platform in general, although any platform agents that use specific skills will require those specific classes
- memory database and serialization database

FIPA-OS class structure



- aw.tools
 - platform and agent level tools, not required for the use of the platform
 - testing harnesses, information tools etc.
- aw.util
 - helper classes (not application specific, not part of a skill)
 - required for correct operation of the platform
 - UTC time handlers, diagnostics output handlers

Example agent

```
import aw.parser.acl.ACLMessage;
```

| to be able to send and receive ACL messages

```
import aw.agent.AgentWorldAgent;
```

| all agents extend AgentWorldAgent

```
import aw.agent.conversation.*;
```

| send and receive conversations using CM

```
private static String _receiver;
```

| global variable

Main method



```
public class TestAgent extends AgentWorldAgent
{

public static void main( String[] args )
{
    TestAgent test = null;

    if ( ( args.length == 2 ) || ( args.length == 3 ) )
    {
        if ( args.length == 2 ) {
            test = new TestAgent(args[0], args[1],
                                args[1], false);
        }
    }
}
```

Main method

```
else
{
    _receiver = args[2];
    test = new TestAgent(args[0], args[1],
        args[1], true);
}
}
else
{
    System.out.println("Usage: TestAgent <platform.profile
        location> <agent-name> [<receiver-
        agent-name>]" );
}
}
```

Constructor

```
public TestAgent(    String platform_profile_location,
                    String name,
                    String agent_owner,
                    boolean sender )
{
    super( platform_profile_location,
           name, agent_owner, false, true, true );
    | AgentWorldAgent constructor, booleans: using
    push method, using conversation manager, write
    debug to disk
```

Constructor



```
startPushing();
if ( sender )
{
    System.out.println( "This agent is going to start
                        sending messages to " +
                        _receiver );

    send( _receiver );
}
else
{
    System.out.println("Agent " + this.getGUID() + " is
                        waiting to receive a message");
}
}
```

Sending a test message

```
private void send( String agent_name )
{
    try
    {
        ACLMessage request = getNewConversation("fipa-
            request").getFilledInMessage();
        request.setMessageType( "request" );
        request.setSender( this.getGUID() );
        request.setReceiver( agent_name );
        request.setContent( "(Hello)" );
        forward( request );
    } catch (UnknownProtocolException upe) {}
}
```

Receiving a message

```
Public void notify( conversation conv )
{
    ACLMessage acl = conv.getMessage
        ( conv.getLatestMessageIndex() );
    If ( acl.getMessageType().Equals("request") )
    {
        ACLMessage agree = new conv.getFilledInMessage();
        [...]
        Forward( agree );
        ACLMessage inform = new conv.getFilledInMessage();
        [...]
        Forward( inform );
    }
}
```


Receiving a message



```
if ( acl.getMessageType().equals("inform") )
{
    send( acl.getSender() );
}
}
```

Questions?



- Ask me!
- <http://www.nortelnetworks.com/fipa-os>
- agent@nortelnetworks.com
- mailing list for FIPA-OS developers:
 - to subscribe, or see the archive
<http://fipaos.listbot.com/>

References



- **FIPA-OS Information** [online]. Nortel Networks 1999. Available at <<http://www.nortelnetworks.com/fipa-os>> [Accessed 26 February 2000]
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- Buckle, P., 2000. **Service Reservation** [online]. Presentation at FACTS workshop in Ipswich, UK in 28th of February 2000. Available at <<http://www.labs.bt.com/profsoc/facts/workshop/index.htm>> [Accessed March 13 2000]
- **FIPA-OS** [online]. Presentation at FACTS workshop in Ipswich, UK in 28th of February 2000. Available at <<http://www.labs.bt.com/profsoc/facts/workshop/index.htm>> [Accessed March 13 2000]

Further reading



- **FIPA Home Page** [online]. Foundation for Intelligent Physical Agents, 2000. Available at <<http://www.fipa.org/>> [Accessed 1 March 2000]
- **FACTS Home Page** [online]. ACTS, 2000. Available at <<http://www.labs.bt.com/profsoc/facts/>> [Accessed 1 March 2000]